

POETRY.

MY LIFE IS LIKE THE SUMMER ROSE.

My life is like the summer rose
That opens to the morning sky,
And ere the shades of evening close,
Is scattered on the ground to die;
Yet on that rose's humble bed
The softest dews of night are shed
As though she wept such waste to see,
But none shall drop one tear for me!

My life is like the autumn leaf
Which trembles in the moon's pale ray,
Its hold is frail, its date is brief,
Restless;—and soon to pass away:
Yet when that life shall fall and fade
The parent tree will mourn its shade,
The wind bemoan the leafless tree,
But none shall breathe a sigh for me!

My life is like the print, which feet
Have left on Tampa's desert strand,
Soon as the rising tide shall beat
Their trace will vanish from the sand;
Yet, as if grieving to efface
All vestige of the human race,
On that lone shore loud moans the sea,
But none shall thus lament for me.

From the Cumberland (Md.) Presbyterian.

On the Married State.

To Miss ———,

Knowing that you are shortly to enter a garden, enclosed, and that you are, at present, a stranger to this garden, permit an old friend to give you some account of it. I have travelled every part and every path; know every production of every kind it can possibly yield; and, my information can do you no harm, it may do you some good.

You know there is but one way of entrance. I need hardly tell you that it is extremely gay and glittering—strewn with flowers of every hue and every fragrance, with all that art or imagination can invent. You may fondly hope this scene of rapture will never alter, as you will not see the end of the path when you enter it. To some it proves a very short one—and to you it may appear very different in the retrospect.

Here, my dear girl, let me caution you not to dream of perfect or perpetual bliss, if you do, experience will show you that it never existed on earth, save in visions, or visionary heads.

You will meet with many productions in this garden, which are charming to the eye and pleasant to the taste; but they are not all so. Let me just remark, that you are carrying into this garden one of most delicious and delicate plants in nature—I mean Good Humor.—Don't drop it or lose it, as many have done soon after they entered, who seldom, if ever, found it again. It is a treasure which nothing can make up to you.

When you get to the end of the first walk, which lasts about thirty steps, commonly called honey-moon-path, you will see the garden open in a vast variety of views—and here I must caution you against some productions which are nauseous and noxious and even fatal in their tendency to the unwary and ignorant.

There is a low, small plant, which may be seen in almost every path, called Indifference, though not perceived at the entrance. You will always know when near this plant, though you do not see it, by a certain coldness in the air which surrounds it. Contrary to all others, it thrives in cold, and dies in warmth. Whenever you perceive this, change your situation as soon as you can.

In the same path is often found that ugly, yellow flower, called Jealousy, which I wish you never to look at.—Turn from it as fast as possible—for it has the strange quality of tinging the eye that holds it with a stain which it seldom gets rid of.

As you go in, you will meet with many little crooked paths—but do not go into them. I advise you, as a friend, never to attempt it; for though, at the entrance of each, is written, in large letters, "In the right," when you get in, in nine cases out of ten, you will find the true name to be Perverseness, and that you are in the wrong, and will not acknowledge it. This often occasions endless disputes here—is a source of perpetual difference, and sometimes of a final separation in the garden.

Near this spot, you will meet with a sturdy, knotty plant, called Obstinacy, bearing a hard, bitter fruit, which becomes fatal when taken in large quantities. Turn from it—avoid it as you would the plague.

Just opposite to this, grows that lowly, lovely shrub, Compliance; which, though not pleasant to the palate, is salutary and sweet, and produces the most delicious fruit in the garden. Never be without a sprig of it in your hand—it will often be wanted as you go along; if you do not, you will surely repent the want of it.

All over the garden you may find a useful plant, called Economy. It is of a thriving quality: take a good stock of it as you go in. It adorns and enriches at the same time. Many entirely overlook it: some despise it, and others think they want it. It is generally forgotten in the hurry and gaiety with which people enter this place; but the total want of it is commonly paid for with bitter repentance. I must tell you, unless both partake of it, it will answer little end to either. You may, if you please, carry some with you into the garden, it is a hundred to one, if you do not lose it in going in. This is more useful than what you will find there—for it is of another sort. Provide yourself and partner with a proper quantity of it, as soon as you can, when in the place.

You observe as you pass, two or three paths, which run much into one another—I mean those of Regularity, Exactness and Neatness. Do not think, as many do, that when once you are in, you may be careless of your person and dress. Remember, your companion will see some that are not so—this indifference will strike his eye, if not offend it. Enter those paths almost as soon as you enter the garden; and, take my word for it, if you do, you will never get out of them; once fairly in, you are in for life, and the worst of it is, that if you do not find them soon, you will never find them afterward.

Near this walk, is found that invaluable shrub, Humility. This, though of no worth in itself, yet joined to other good qualities, is worth them all put together. It is never seen without being admired; and is most amiable when not visible. They say, "virtue is its own reward"—I am certain pride is its own punishment. Flee from it as from a contagion, which it strongly resembles. It infects and corrupts. Cultivate, with all your care, the humble plant now mentioned, as the best antidote against this poisonous weed.

Allow me here to drop a hint on the subject of cultivation, as that most probably will be your employment.—Should you be entrusted with the rearing of a flower, remember two things: first, that it is but a flower, however fair—frail in its nature, and fading at every blast; and, secondly that it is a flower in trust, for the cultivation of which you are accountable to the owner of the garden.

Should you be a witness to a blast on its dawning beauties, oh, how your fluttering heart would bleed with tenderness. Let affection sympathize. Your feelings may be conceived, but they cannot be described. The young shoot will naturally and insensibly twine around the fibres of your frame. Should it live and thrive, spare no pains to teach the young production how to rise. Weed it, water it; prune it—it will need them all. Without this, many weeds will grow up and poison the very soil on which it grows.

Remember this is a trust for which you are accountable to Him who give it. That you may be blest with the sweetest productions of this garden—that they may be the delight of your eyes, that you and they, when the summer of this life is over, may be transplanted to some happier soil, and flourish in immortal vigor, in perfect and permanent felicity, is the sincere wish of your affectionate friend.

A FRIEND TO FEMALE MERIT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI.

CHOCTAW COUNTY,

In the Probate Court,
July Term, A. D. 1844.

TO ALL persons interested in the real Estate of John R. Shirley, Deceased—You are hereby cited to appear before the Judge of our said Probate Court, at a Court to be held for said county on the fourth Monday in August next, at the Court House in the town of Greensboro, then and there to show cause if any you can, why an order should not be made to sell the following described lands in the State of Mississippi, and Attala county belonging to the Estate of John R. Shirley Dec'd, according to the prayer of the petition of James Drane Administrator of the estate of the said John R. Shirley, Deceased; to wit: The east half of north-west quarter, and east half of south-west quarter, of Section two, Township sixteen, Range eight, East. It is further ordered by the Court, that this citation be published in the "Central Journal," a newspaper published in the Town of Kosciusko, Attala county Mississippi, for the space of thirty days, and also in three public places in this county for the same time.

WITNESS, James A. Kennedy, Judge of the Probate Court for Choctaw county, and State aforesaid, this fourth Monday in July, A. D. 1844.

ISSUED this 1st day of July,

A. D. 1844.

THO. N. DAVIS, Clerk.

Kosciusko, Miss. July 26, 1844-4-5s

ATTENTION! COMPANY A!

YOU are hereby ordered to appear on the public square, near the court house, in the town of Kosciusko, on Saturday, the 7th day of September next, at 10 o'clock A. M., armed and equipped as the law directs, for military exercise and review; and also with four rounds of blank cartridges.

By order of

J. P. DAVIS,

Captain of Company A.

Kosciusko, July 26, 1844-4-7s

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust, bearing date the 17 February, A. D. 1843, executed by Felix Labauve, to the undersigned to secure to Chapman Levy, a certain sum of money mentioned in said deed, and which, said deed of trust is duly recorded in the office of the Clerk of Probates, of the County of Attala, in Book H Pages 273, 274, 275. I will, on the

Third Monday in January next, being the 20th day of the month, sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, before the Court house door, in Kosciusko, the north-west quarter of section twenty-six, township No. 15 N. of range 5 E. Such title only as is vested in the said Felix Labauve, will be conveyed by me.

G. D. BOYD, Trustee.

July 1, 1844;-1-6m.

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI.

COUNTY OF ATTALA.

In the Probate Court,
July Term, A. D. 1844.

TO ALL persons interested in the real Estate of Samuel Tubb dec'd—Greeting; You are hereby cited to be and personally appear before the Probate Court of the said county of Attala, on the first Monday of September next, to show cause if any you can, why an order should not be granted by said Court to sell the following described lands belonging to said estate, to wit:—The south-west quarter of section No eight, in township fourteen of range No six east, agreeably to the prayer of the petition of Mathew Tubb, administrator of the said Estate.

WITNESS the Hon. John E. Green, Judge of the Probate Court of said county, the first Monday of July, A. D. 1844, and seal of said Court

ISSUED the 15th day of July, A. D. 1844.

SAM. MUNSON, Clerk.

July 15, 1844;-3-7s

RANGER'S SALES.

WILL BE SOLD, on Monday, the 5th of August next, before the Court house door of Attala county, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property as estray, to wit:

A white work OX, with brown or black spots on his head, neck and shoulders; marked with acrop overbit and underbit in the left ear, and in the right with a swallow fork, supposed to be 12 years old, common sized bell on, fasted wit leather strings, no brands. Appraised to \$12. Strayed by S. Durham.

LEMUEL BOWERS, Ranger.

July 6, 1844;-1-5s

BLANKS of all kinds kept constantly on hand and for sale at this office.

July 20, 1844.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

State of Mississippi, Attala County.

IN pursuance of the provisions of a certain deed of trust, made 17th day of May, A. D. 1843, in the county aforesaid, between Silas Ellett, of the first part, High Montgomery and Mariah Ellett, administrator and administratrix of Richard Ellett, Deceased, and William Cross of the second part, and the undersigned James A. Groves, of the third part, which deed is recorded, in the office of the Clerk of the Probate Court of said county, in Book H pages 289, 290, 291, and was made for the purpose of securing the payment of certain sums of money, therein specified to the said party of the third part, in trust for the use and benefit of the said parties of the second part. I the undersigned, said party of the third part, will as trustee under said deed, sell to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, at the Court House door of said county, On the thirteenth day of January next, the following lands, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay said sums of money, and the expenses incident to this trust to wit:

| | S | T | R |
|----------------------------|----|----|---|
| east half of south-west qr | 35 | 14 | 6 |
| east half of north-west qr | 35 | 14 | 6 |
| west half of south-east qr | 35 | 14 | 6 |
| east half of south-west qr | 36 | 14 | 6 |
| west half of south-west qr | 17 | 14 | 6 |
| east half of south-west qr | 26 | 14 | 6 |
| west half of south-east qr | 26 | 14 | 6 |
| east half of south-east qr | 18 | 14 | 6 |
| west half of south-east qr | 18 | 14 | 6 |
| south half of | 13 | 14 | 6 |
| south-east quarter of | 31 | 15 | 6 |
| west half of south-west qr | 32 | 15 | 6 |
| west half of north-east qr | 20 | 15 | 6 |
| east half of north-west qr | 20 | 15 | 6 |
| east half of | 33 | 15 | 6 |
| west half of | 34 | 15 | 6 |

Containing in all, 2,080 acres more or less, all lying in said Attala County, and in the Columbus land District in said State.

JAMES A. GROVES, Trustee.

June 20th, 1844;-1-6m.

VALUE OF GOLD COINS, BY THE ACT

OF 1834.

THE Eagle coined before July 31st, 1834, (weighing 270 grains, and containing 247 1/2 grs. of pure gold,) must be taken at 84 cents 8 mills per pennyweight, and the halves and quarters in the same proportion. The Eagle coined after July 31st, 1834, weighing 258 grains of pure gold, must be taken at \$10, and the halves and quarters in the same proportion.

The following foreign gold coins are also a legal tender, by weight, after the 31st of July, 1834. Those of Great Britain, Portugal and Brazil, containing 11 parts of pure gold and 1 of alloy, at 94 cents and 8 mills for each pennyweight. Those of France, containing 9 parts of pure gold and 1 of alloy, at 93 cts. and 1 mill for each pennyweight. Those of Spain, Mexico and Columbia, containing 20 parts of pure gold, and 3 parts and 4-5ths of a part of alloy, at 80 cents and 9 mills for each pennyweight. The following table exhibits the weight and value of each coin after July 31st, 1834:—

| NAMES OF COINS. | Weight. | Value. |
|---------------------------|---------|------------|
| ENGLAND. | dw. gr. | dol. c. m. |
| Guinea, 4 in proportion, | 5 8 1/2 | 5 07 4 |
| Sovereign, | 5 2 1/2 | 4 34 0 |
| Seven shilling piece, | 1 16 | 1 69 0 |
| PORTUGAL—Dobraon, | 34 12 | 32 70 6 |
| Dobra, | 18 6 | 17 30 2 |
| Johannas, | 18 | 17 02 0 |
| Moidore, 4 in propor., | 6 22 | 6 14 9 |
| Piece of 16 rees, | 2 6 | 2 99 2 |
| Old Crusado, of 400 rees, | 15 | 54 9 |
| New Crusado, of 480 rees, | 16 1/2 | 59 8 |
| Milree, of 1755, | 19 1/2 | 73 2 |
| BRAZIL—Dobraon, | 34 12 | 32 70 5 |
| Dobra, | 18 6 | 17 30 8 |
| Johannas, 4 in propor., | 18 | 17 02 4 |
| Moidore, 4 in propor., | 6 22 | 6 55 6 |
| Crusado, | 16 1/2 | 63 7 |

FRANCE—Louis, before 1786,

Double Louis, do. 10 11 9 69 2

Louis, after 1786, 4 22 4 57 5

Double Louis, do. 9 20 9 15 0

Napoleon, or 20 francs, 4 3 3 85 1

Double Napoleon, or 40 fr. 8 7 7 70 2

SPAIN—Dobloons before 1772, double & shares

in proportion, 17 8 16 6 0

Dobloons since 1772, 17 9 15 53 0

Pistole, 4 8 3 83 0

Coronilla Gold Dollars, or Viniern, 1801, 1 3 92 1

MEXICO—Dobloon, shares in proportion, 17 9 15 53 0

New Louis Guinea, 5 4 65 0

COLUMBIA—Dobloon, 17 8 15 53 2

UNITED STATES—Eagle coined before July 31 1834, shares in proportion, 11 6 10 66 6

New Eagle, shares in proportion, 10 18 10 00 0

To reduce the light coins to their true value, observe—one grain is worth 3 cents 9

mills—French gold, one grain is worth 3 cts. 8 1/2 mills—Spanish, Mexican and Columbian gold, one grain is worth 3 cents 7 1/2 mills.

JOE PRINTING of every description, neatly executed at this office.